

Somos[®] WeatherX™ 100

Environmentally durable DLP photopolymer for functional testing and end-use parts that need to retain performance properties during a product's lifetime.

Somos WeatherX 100 is an environmentally durable DLP photopolymer developed for 3D printing functional testing prototypes and end-use parts. It produces parts repeatedly and predictably, with the right set of performance properties that last over time. Tested against the most stringent SAE industry specifications, Somos WeatherX 100 demonstrates the optimized balance of weather- and chemical resistance and dimensional stability. In addition, it shows robust material behavior in printing and post-processing.



Somos[®] WeatherX 100 is the first DLP material that comes with reliable testing data on material weatherability and durability and dimensional accuracy using SAE industry standards similar to those used for thermoplastics. These tests show that Somos WeatherX 100 retains its properties better than other commercial DLP materials positioned as durable.

Key Features

- Lasting mechanical and functional properties & dimensional stability, even compared to UV-stabilized thermoplastics.
- Optimal balance of temperature resistance and toughness
- UV, chemical & temperature resistance
- Good print resolution, suitable for challenging geometries
- Easy and fast post-processing
- Black color consistently across the print
- Isotropic properties throughout the printed part

Industries & Applications

- Transportation / outdoor vehicles: housings, switches, trim pieces
- Industrial equipment: irrigation components, instrumentation, filters, etc.
- Consumer goods: sports & leisure: backpack clips, binding straps, etc.
- Applications exposed to UV and/or humid environments – interior and exterior.



Liquid Properties

PROPERTY	VALUE
Viscosity (25°C)	~950 mPa s
Liquid density at 25°C	~1.1 g/cm ³
Ec	5.15 mJ/cm ²
Dp	0.17 mm

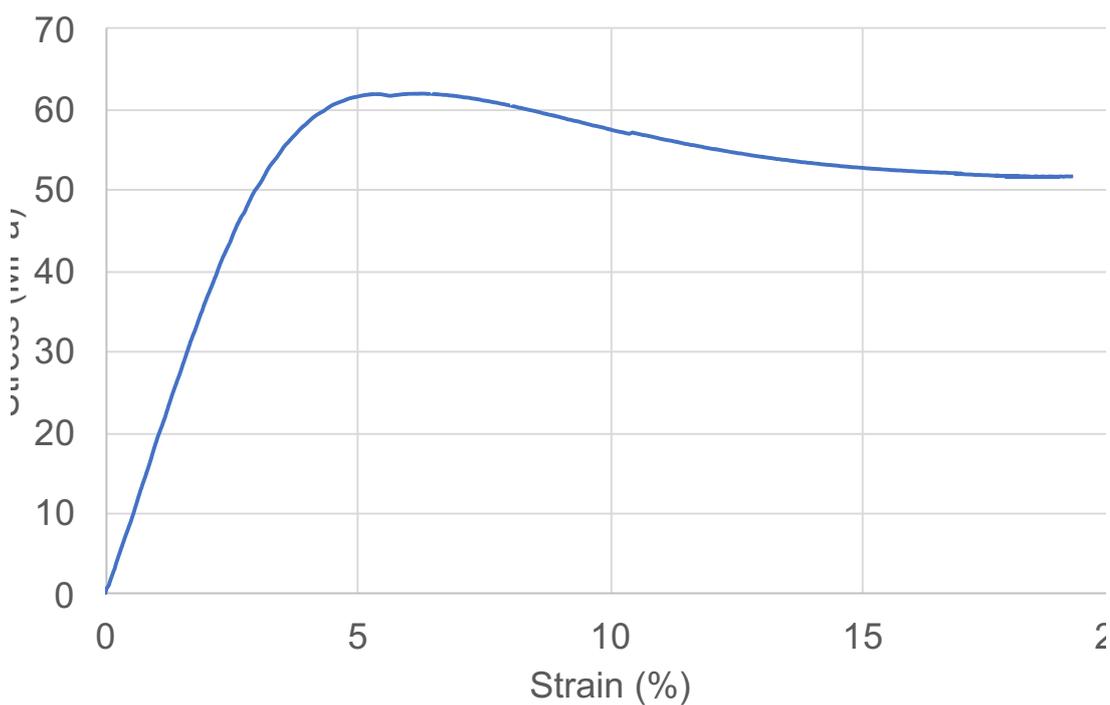
Mechanical Properties

Tensile bars (type IV) were printed at 100 micron per layer and pulled at 5 mm/minute.

ASTM	PROPERTY	XY - ORIENTATION	XZ - ORIENTATION	YZ - ORIENTATION
D638	Young's Modulus	1943 ± 85 MPa	1940 ± 48 MPa	2043 ± 78 MPa
D638	Ultimate Tensile Strength	62 ± 0.4 MPa	60 ± 0.6 MPa	65 ± 0.4 MPa
D638	Elongation at Yield	5.9 ± 0.2%	5.7 ± 0.1%	5.7 ± 0.1%
D638	Elongation at Break	20.1 ± 3.72%	19.1 ± 4.4%	18.6 ± 4.8%
D256	Izod Impact (Notched)	27 ± 0.2 J/m	24 ± 1.5 J/m	25 ± 2.5 J/m

Representative Stress-Strain Curve

This stress strain curve shows the behavior of the material as force is applied. Somos WeatherX 100 exhibits plastic behavior, with a yield point, followed by plastic deformation.



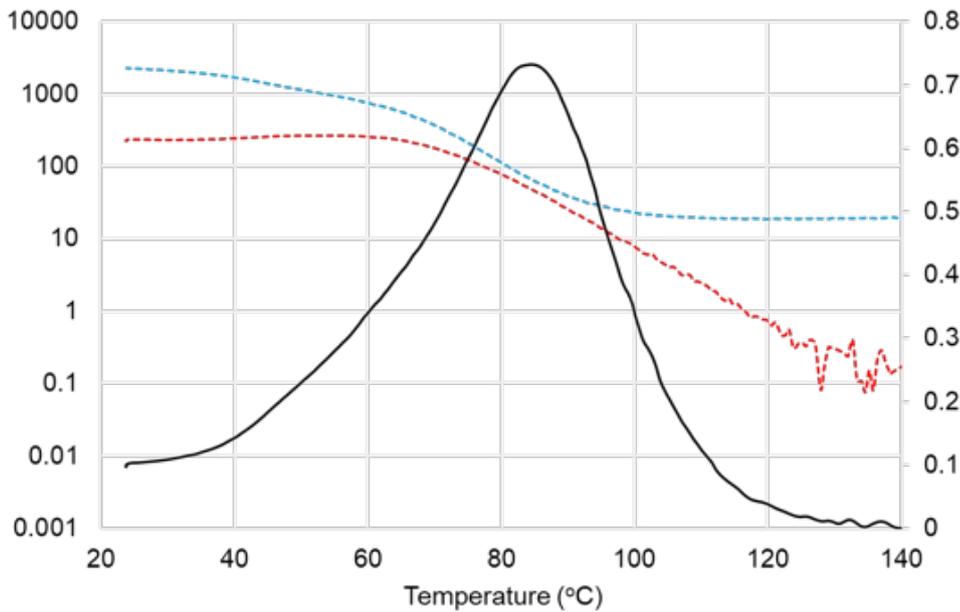


Thermal Properties

STANDARD	PROPERTY	VALUE
ASTM D648	HDT (0.455 MPa)	73°C
ASTM E1545	Tg (Tan δ peak)	85°C
ASTM E1269-11	Specific Heat Capacity	1.706 J / (g °C)
ISO 11359-2:2021	Coefficient of linear thermal expansion	124 x 10 ⁻⁶ K ⁻¹ (Std Dev 3.4)

Dynamic Mechanical Analysis (DMA)

Storage/Loss modulus and tan(δ) behavior as a function of temperature.



Water Absorption

Another important characteristic of Somos® WeatherX 100 is its low water absorption. The table below shows the mass gained after printed parts (per ASTM D570) were immersed in water for up to 7 days at 25°C. Even after one week in water, the parts absorb less than 1% of water which is significantly better than other photopolymers. It's worth mentioning that this property is an important factor to maintain dimensional integrity and properties during weathering as hydrolysis and physical stresses will have minimal effects on the 3D printed polymer network.

PROPERTY	1 DAY	2 DAYS	3 DAYS	7 DAYS	14 DAYS	21 DAYS
Water Absorption	0.40%	0.55%	0.66%	0.91%	1.12%	1.25%



Weathering Performance

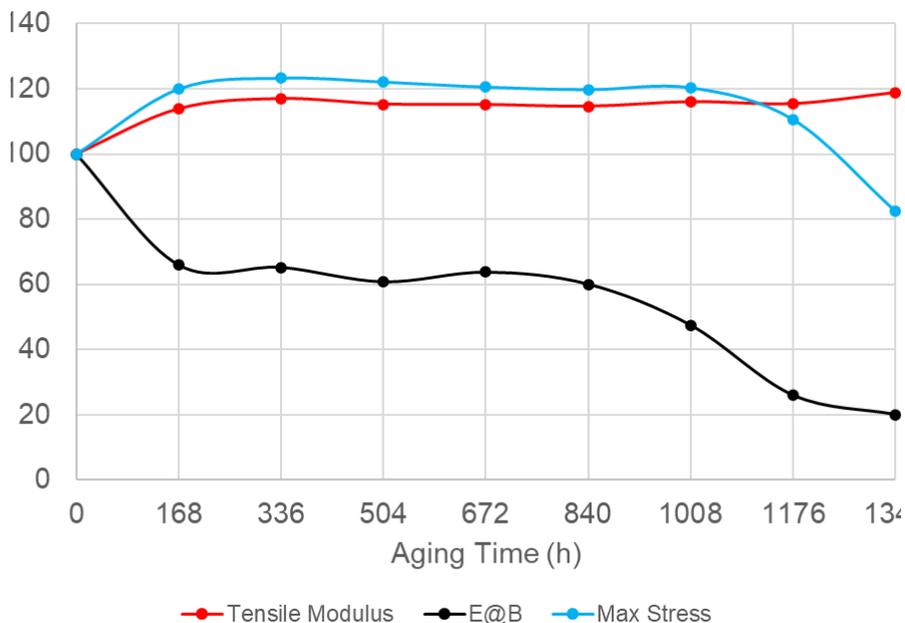
Somos WeatherX 100 has been tested according to SAEJ2527, a standard test developed for the automotive industry for exterior exposure which is more stringent than the often-used ASTM D4329 or G154. Since materials respond differently to the combination of conditions of irradiation, heat and moisture, the overall aging performance of the material - and not just UV performance – is heavily influenced by the choice of the aging test.

The SAEJ2527 standard more holistically represents natural weather than ASTM D4329/G154 because it includes UV/Vis exposure, humidity and water spray, and temperature variations.

	SAEJ2527	ASTM D4329 (CYCLE A) OR G154
Light Source	Xenon	UVA fluorescent lamp
Spectra output wavelength	300-800 nm (actual sunlight spectra)	300-400 nm
Test cycles	4	2
1	60 min dark at 38°C, 95% RH, water spray on front and back of specimen	8h light exposure at 60°C
2	40 min light at 70°C, 50% RH	4h condensation at 50°C
3	20 min light at 70°C, water spray on front and back of specimen	
4	60 min light at 70°C, 50% RH	

Property Retention of Somos WeatherX 100

The next graph shows the performance of Somos WeatherX 100 during accelerated weathering per SAEJ2527 standard. The material shows a high level of property retention for an extended period, after which performance goes down slowly, stabilizing at a point that is higher than alternative resins.



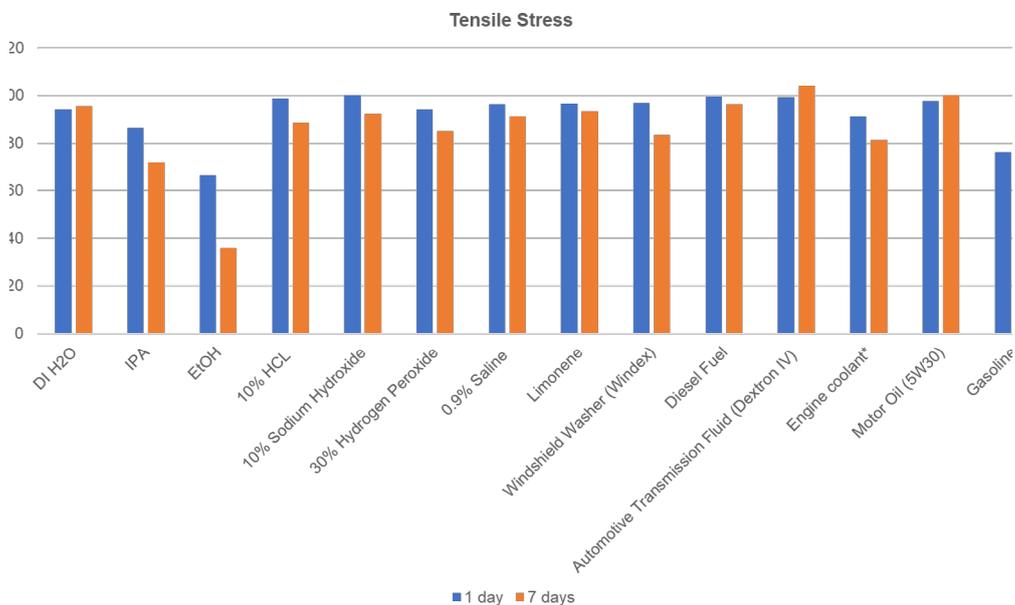
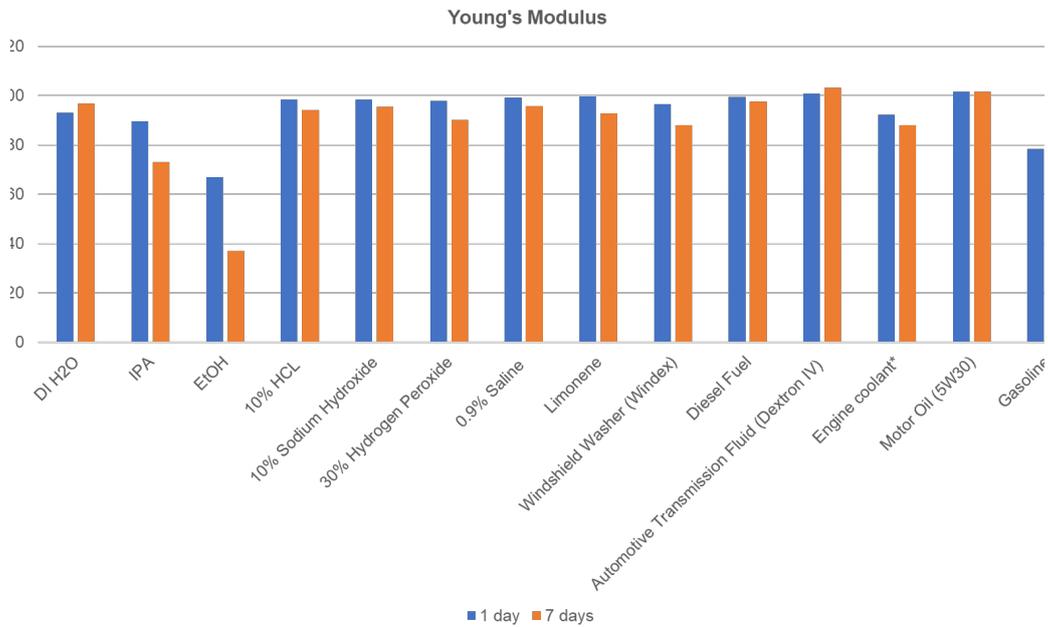


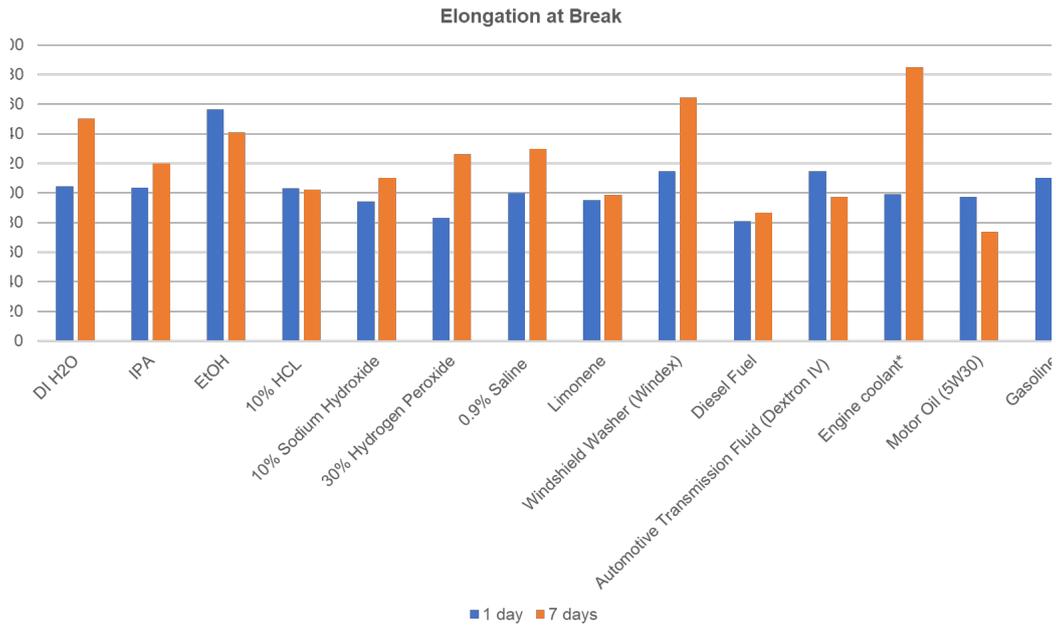
Chemical Resistance

The ability of materials to withstand exposure to chemicals, solvents, and various substances is a critical factor in the selection process for many industrial applications. The overall chemical resistance of a material is influenced by factors such as duration of exposure, temperature, amount, and nature/concentration of the chemical agent involved. When subjected to industrial chemicals, photopolymer materials may deteriorate or fracture, resulting in alterations to their mechanical and functional properties.

Test Method

Data for chemical resistance were collected in accordance with ASTM D543 test method. Test specimens were completely immersed in various chemicals for both 1 day and 7 days at 23°C (except Engine coolant which was exposed at 50°C). Upon completion of each exposure, parts were removed from the solvent, wiped of excess fluids, and conditioned for 24h at standard laboratory conditions. Thereafter, the tensile bars were tested in accordance with procedures of ASTM D648 and benchmarked against samples not exposed to chemicals.





Electrical Properties

TEST STANDARD	PROPERTY	VALUE
IEC60250	Dielectric Constant (Tested at 1MHz)	3.39
IEC60250	Dissipation Factor (Tested at 1MHz)	0.026
ASTM D149-20Method A	Dielectric Breakdown Strength	6.61KV/mm (Std Dev 0.21)
IEC62631-3-1:2023	Volume resistivity	$2.29 \times 10^{15} \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$
IEC62631-3-1:2023	Surface resistivity	$5.24 \times 10^{14} \Omega/\text{square}$



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Material Data Sheet P3™ DLP

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